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and suitable drinking water for the use of the passengers of such car or cars, shall be fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000.

Industrial Diseases—State Board of Health to Investigate Conditions. (Joint Res. Feb. 13, 1913.)

Whereas the employment of men and women in certain occupations is known to be attended with more than ordinary danger to health, giving rise to what is known as "occupational diseases"; and

Whereas unnecessary sickness and shortening of life, from whatever cause, is a serious loss and of grave concern to the State and to all the people; and

Whereas it is believed to be possible, by public education and by the enforcement of proper measures, to largely prevent unnecessary sickness and premature death among employees in various trades and occupations: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That the State board of health is hereby authorized and directed to make a thorough investigation of the effect of occupations upon the health of those engaged therein with special reference to dust and dangerous chemicals and gases, to insufficient ventilation and lighting, and to such other unhygienic conditions as in the opinion of said board may be specially injurious to health, and to report to the next general assembly the results of such investigation, with such recommendations for legislative or other remedial measures as it may deem proper and advisable.

Be it further resolved, That the finance committee of the house and senate be requested to place in the general appropriation bill an appropriation of \$7,000 for the year 1913 and \$7,000 for the year 1914 for carrying on the above work by the State board of health.

School Physicians—Examination of School Children. (Act May 9, 1913.)

SEC. 7692. Each and every board of education in this State may appoint at least one school physician: *Provided,* Two or more school districts may unite and employ one such physician, whose duties shall be such as are prescribed in this act. Said school physician shall hold a license to practice medicine in Ohio. School physicians may be discharged at any time by the appointing power, whether the same be a board of education or of health or health officer, as herein provided. School physicians shall serve one year and until their successors are appointed, and shall receive such compensation as the appointing board may determine. Such boards may also employ trained nurses to aid in such inspection in such ways as may be prescribed by the board. Such board may delegate the duties and powers herein provided for to the board of health or officer performing the functions of a board of health within the school district if such board or officer is willing to assume the same. Boards of education shall cooperate with boards of health in the preventing of epidemics.

SEC. 7692-1. School physicians may make examinations and diagnoses of all children referred to them at the beginning of every school year and at other times if deemed desirable. They may make such further examination of teachers, janitors, and school buildings as in their opinion the protection of health of the pupils and teachers may require. Whenever a school child, teacher, or janitor is found to be ill or suffering from positive open pulmonary tuberculosis or other contagious disease, the school physician shall promptly send such child, teacher, or janitor home, with a note, in the case of the child, to its parents or guardian, briefly setting forth the discovered facts, and advising that the family physician be consulted. School physicians shall keep accurate card-index records of all examinations; and said records, that they may be uniform throughout the State, shall be according to the form prescribed by the State school commissioner, and the reports shall be made according to the method of said form. *Provided, however,* That if the parent or guardian of any school child or any teacher or janitor after notice from the board of education shall within two weeks thereafter furnish the written certificate of any reputable physician that the child, or teacher, or

janitor has been examined, in such cases the services of the medical inspector herein provided for shall be dispensed with, and such certificate shall be furnished by such parent or guardian from time to time, as required by the board of education. Such individual records shall not be open to the public and shall be solely for the use of the boards of education and health or other health officer. If any teacher or janitor is found to have positive open pulmonary tuberculosis or other communicable disease, his or her employment shall be discontinued upon expiration of the contract therefor, or, at the option of the board, suspended upon such terms as to salary as the board may deem just until the school physician shall have certified to a recovery from such disease.

SEC. 7692-2. The State school commissioner and the State board of health, shall jointly pass rules for the detailed enforcement of the purposes of this act, which rules shall bear the seals of said board and commissioner, the said rules to be printed and promulgated by the State printer; promulgation to consist in supplying a reasonable number of copies to each school superintendent, from whom all that are interested may receive copies.

SEC. 7692-3. No member of the board of education in any district in this State shall be eligible to the appointment of school physician during the period for which he or she is elected.

SEC. 7692-4. Each board of education by the affidavit of an officer thereof or otherwise shall prove to the satisfaction of the State school commissioner that it has complied with the requirements of sections 7692, 7692-1, and 7692-2, of the general code.

SEC. 7693. The board of education of any school district may provide and pay compensation to the employees of the board of health in addition to that provided by the city, township, or other municipality.

PORTO RICO.

Communicable Diseases—Funerals—Preparation of Bodies. (Proclamation Nov. 10, 1913.)

The following amendment to section 11 of Sanitary Rules and Regulations No. 11, entitled "Regulations governing the removal of corpses, cemeteries, burials, disinterments and cremations," as promulgated in Administrative Bulletin No. 57, having been approved by the executive council on November 4, 1913, is hereby promulgated for the information and guidance of all concerned:

SECTION 1. Section 11 of Sanitary Rules and Regulations No. 11, entitled "Regulations governing the removal of corpses, cemeteries, burials, disinterments and cremations" is hereby amended to read as follows:

SEC. 11. Funeral services, with the body present shall not be held in church or in any place, for persons who have died of smallpox, Asiatic cholera, yellow fever, exanthematous typhus, bubonic plague or cerebrospinal meningitis. The bodies of persons who have died of any other diseases may be taken to the church or to any other place for such services provided that said bodies have been wrapped in sheets wet with an antiseptic solution, the formula of which shall be prescribed by the service of sanitation, and placed in a coffin hermetically sealed; and provided further that the death certificate issued by the attending physician has been countersigned by the health officer or his delegate.

Sanitary Regulations—"Urbe" and "Urban Zone" Defined. (Proclamation Dec. 22, 1913.)

The following amendment to Sanitary Rules and Regulations Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, and 16, as promulgated in Administrative Bulletins Nos. 44, 45, 46, 47, 52, 53, 55, 56, 57, 60, 61, and 63, respectively, having been approved by the execu-